

CANNOT STOP FUEL ORDER TROOPS ARE ORDERED SHOT

SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA RED CROSS BENEFIT

**All Proceeds of the Concert Tonight
at the Opera House will be Turned
Over to the Red Cross**

**Opening Number of the Concert will be the
First Verse of the National Anthem
'My Country 'Tis of Thee'**

The program of the Brainerd Symphony orchestra this evening, January 18, at the Brainerd opera house with Edwin Harris Bergh as conductor is a most ambitious one and promises to be largely attended as all proceeds go to the Red Cross, and is as follows:

Program

1. (a) Songe D'Enfant Gabriel Marie
A beautifully conceived melody meant to tell us the story of a child's dream.
 - (b) Gondoliera Saar
Louis Victor Saar is a well known pianist, composer and teacher who is president of a large conservatory in Cincinnati. This boat-song is his most famous number for orchestra.
 2. Violin Duett—Slavonic Dances Dvorak
Mr. Bergh and William LaFevre of Ironton
(Miss Florence Treloar at the piano)
 3. (a) Dawn of Hope (Reverie) De Casella
(b) Berceuse Hljnsky
Hljnsky, one of Russia's greatest composers and a life-long friend of Tchaikowsky.
 - (c) Forget-me-not MacBeth
This intermezzo is written by MacBeth, a Scotch composer, organist and teacher, now located at Glasgow.
 4. Norwegian Rhapsody Gus. Fr. Lange
One of the most beautiful Rhapsodies based on Norse melodies
Edwin Harris Bergh.
 5. (a) Veni Creator Millard
Millard is an American composer and served in the United Army during the Civil War. His great mass is his masterpiece and has been sung in the greatest Cathedrals in the world.
 - (b) "Patrol of the Musketeers" Bachman
Everyone is asked to watch the marvelous work of the violins both for attack and tempo.
 6. "America, My Country" New National Anthem
Please join in singing the chorus.
- NOTE—We have no outside soloist this concert so that more may be left for the Red Cross.

Robbers Get \$11,000 in Daylight Raid on Minneapolis Concern

(By United Press)
Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—Masked men entered the Walters Union Headquarters cowed 40 with their drawn revolvers and escaped with money estimated at from \$2,000 to \$11,000.

Supreme Court Holds No Limit Liberty Bonds State Bank Can Buy

(By United Press)
St. Paul, Jan. 18.—The state supreme court holds that any state bank can buy as many Liberty bonds as it wishes. Stockholder Crumer of the South Side State bank of Minneapolis, made an appeal to force his bank to only own bonds amounting to 15 per cent of its capital and surplus with the above result.

Steel Plants are Exempted

Washington, Jan. 18.—23 more steel plants have been exempted from the Garfield closing order.

Recent Cold Wave Caused Damage to Crops in South

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 18.—The agricultural department reports that the recent cold wave has damaged winter oats 40 to 50 per cent and that much damage was done to garden crops in the south.

Billion Dollars Worth of Capital Loafing Chicago

(By United Press)
Chicago, Jan. 18.—A billion dollars worth of capital is idle here, a half million workers with a million dollar's daily wage will have nothing to do but watch their living expenses grow for five days. Plans are being made to put the idle men at work clearing the accumulation of snow from the recent storms from the railroads.

Elephants' Age in Doubt.
The age of elephants is widely disputed, the best calculations of hunter and scientists being admittedly only little more than hazardous, says the New York World.

THOUSANDS OF OUR
MEN NOW IN EUROPE
WILL LOSE MORE
THAN THEIR INCOME

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 18.—Fuel Administrator Garfield has now made another request that the men made idle through the closing order be paid their wages. Answering the complaints regarding the closing order Mr. Garfield said "There are thousands of Americans in Europe and thousands still to go there who will lose more than their income."
This morning opened with another avalanche of protests, but congress is powerless to stop the execution of the order. The only possibility being to repeal the food law, and this step is not seriously considered.

President Stands Squarely Behind Garfield's Order

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 18.—President Wilson stands squarely behind Fuel Administrator Garfield and will not revoke the coal order. Within three weeks the people will accept it as vitally necessary and conditions will be better known then.

Fuel Order is Likely to Make Congress Think

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 18.—The opinion is expressed that congress hereafter will be careful about shearing itself of its powers, this result being its inability to act in modifying or abrogating Fuel Administrator Garfield's coal order. One result likely to happen will be to go slow regarding the railway legislation pending.

Some Men Paid Some are Not

(By United Press)
New York, Jan. 18.—The United States Steel Corporation has decided not to pay any men made idle by the fuel order. The Ford automobile company will pay their salaried men but those receiving day wages will lose.

DR. HARRY A. GARFIELD

Fuel administrator who halted business to save fuel.



Dr. Garfield acting as federal fuel administrator for the government, has ordered all the country's manufacturing enterprises with but few exceptions, east of the Mississippi river, to suspend operations for five days beginning Jan. 18, as a drastic measure for relieving the fuel famine. A statement explaining the reasons accompanied the order which was issued without warning.

Many will Pay Their Employees for the Layoff

(By United Press)
St. Paul, Jan. 18.—Many firms are paying their employees who have been laid off through the Garfield order. They will get their wages in Minnesota on account of the insurance which the employers say covers any eventuality. Employers organizations have avoided action on the question.

Minnesota is generally quiet, the flour mills are operating under state order and the mining continues almost normal with hydro-electric power.

Second Attempt Governor's Life

(By United Press)
San Francisco, Jan. 18.—Postal clerks found a stick of dynamite in the mails addressed to Governor Stephens. This is the second attempt to kill him.

Order Troops Shot Sympathize with Russ Socialists

(By United Press)
Petrograd, Jan. 18.—Whole companies of Austrian troops have been ordered shot for sympathizing with Russian socialist views. It is reported that many Austrian units on the Italian front have been shot for refusing to obey the orders of their commanders.

Germans Attempting Restore the Belief as Unconquerable

(By United Press)
With the British Armies, Jan. 18.—The Prussians are turning their propaganda to their own troops with lectures and pamphlets attempting to restore to the self-doubting troops their former belief that they are unconquerable. German prisoners say that the United States is unceasingly ridiculed and has taken the place of England in German contemptibility. The superiors tell the German soldiers that the Americans are only bluffing and that no United States army is likely to cross the ocean. They call the Americans windbags.

Bolsheviki Declares Martial Law Prevent Petrograd Disorders

Petrograd, Jan. 18.—Martial law has been declared by Bolsheviki safety committee, affecting Petrograd only. The decree says that all attempts at revolt are to be vigorously suppressed and it is believed to have been designed to suppress possible disorder resulting from the calling of the constituent assembly which is scheduled to meet today.

Mud and Water is Knee Deep

With the American Army in France, Jan. 18.—Mud and water is now knee deep over the entire American zone but is not stopping the training of the Sammlers.

Do Not Intend Arrest of King

Petrograd, Jan. 18.—Bolsheviki headquarters emphatically deny that orders have been issued to arrest the King of Rumania.

STATE AID FOR ROADS IS \$25,000

**Crow Wing County to Expend Same
on Maintenance and Construction
of State Roads in County**

**122 Miles of State Roads, Part of Money
on Construction Gull Lake, Deerwood
and Other Roads**

CRITICIZE FUEL ORDER

Give Their Support to Fuel Restriction Plan However.

**Lack of Government Planning Is
Comment Made By U. S. Chamber of Commerce.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—The war service executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, following a conference with Fuel Administrator Garfield, issued a statement criticizing the fuel restriction order, but announcing that since it had been ordered "it is clearly the duty of business men to do all in their power to carry out its spirit and purpose."

This sudden and extraordinary action," says the statement, "in the opinion of your committee, is but an illustration of the hurried decisions which must be expected when there is lacking some machinery for central planning and control over the separated war activities of the government for which business men of the country have declared and in behalf of which your committee appeared before the Senate committee on military affairs on yesterday."

Protest From Chicago.
Chicago, Jan. 18.—Chicago business men are considering an appeal to the courts today to prevent the enforcement of the fuel conservation order on the grounds that a literal compliance with its provisions would mean ruin for many manufacturers.

FOIL SECOND DYNAMITE PLOT

Another Attempt to Kill California Governor Nipped.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—A bomb, addressed to Governor William D. Stephens' mansion at Sacramento, was intercepted at the Ferry postoffice here. The package contained several sticks of dynamite and suspicion was attracted to it first, it was said, by the fact that it carried insufficient postage. The executive mansion was damaged December 17 last by an explosion of dynamite.

A police investigation resulted in the arrest of 55 alleged members of the I. W. W., who are being held.

FORMER SLAV CZAR ESCAPES

Leaves Prison Near Tobolsk, with Family, Is Report.

London, Jan. 18.—Nicholas Romanov, the former emperor and his family have escaped from their prison near Tobolsk, it is reported in Petrograd, according to a Reuter dispatch from the Russian capital. The report the dispatch adds, lacks confirmation. Nicholas Romanov and his family were removed to Tobolsk by the Kerensky government last August. In October the Romanovs were taken to the Abolok monastery some distance outside Tobolsk.

Bills to Centralize War Operations.
Washington, Jan. 18.—Two bills, one creating a superwar council of three members and another for director of war industries, were tacitly agreed upon by the senate military committee as measures to centralize the nation's war operations.

German Major Killed.
London, Jan. 18.—Advice received at Amsterdam from Germany, forwarded by the General News, report that Major General Von Auer was killed.

Crow Wing county will receive from the state \$25,000 for maintenance and construction of state highways. Its allotment last year was \$15,000.

There are now 122 miles of state roads in the county and the money will partly be expended in their maintenance and also in connection with the improvement of the Gull lake road and a part of the highway east of Deerwood completing state road No. 6 from Deerwood to the Aitkin county line, making the same a 24 foot road.

Arrest Made for Violation of the Garfield Order

(By United Press)
Chicago, Jan. 18.—Hinton Claiborn, department of justice agent, admitted that one arrest had been made for violation of the Garfield fuel order, but the identity of the offender was refused. Other cases are being investigated.

WORKERS WILL SUFFER MOST

Will Feel Effects of Garfield Order More Than Others, Says Gompers.
Washington, Jan. 18.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in a statement, declared that the workers of the nation will be the greatest sufferers from the fuel restriction order, but that they will "maintain their loyal stand despite their suffering and the sacrifices which they may be called upon to bear."

Mr. Gompers expressed doubt that a five-day suspension of industry was the best way to meet the situation and suggested that a "wiser and more practical course" would have been to place all industries of the country upon an eight-hour basis work day at least during the war. Mr. Gompers said that everything must be done to see that the workers were not made to suffer unnecessarily and he expressed the hope that the employers would heed Fuel Administrator Garfield's appeal to comply with the order "without shifting the burden to labor."

ITALIANS REPULSE TEUTONS

Italian Headquarters in Northern Italy, Jan. 18.—The enemy has received another bloody repulse on the lower Piave in the sector nearest Venice. Here his attack was thrown back after four hours of desperate fighting. The enemy suffered heavy losses, the ground being strewn with his dead.
The Italians captured 150 prisoners and a large quantity of guns and war material.

To Decide Alleged Spy's Fate.
Washington, Jan. 18.—Decision as to what to do with Walter Spormann, alleged Teuton agent, will be made at a second conference between Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Attorney General Gregory. Division of jurisdiction has created a muddle, while tempering of evidence against Spormann makes it likely that he will be charged with disobeying the regulations for alien enemies. It was indicated that the story about his having lighted a match to touch off the magazine near Newark is untrue.

New War Council for Management of the Army



Left to right—Major-General E. M. Weaver, Colonel Pierce, Assistant Secretary of War Crowell, Major-General Crozier, Charles Day, representative of the Shipping Board; Secretary of War Baker, Major-General Crowder, Colonel U. S. Grant, Jr., and Major-General Bliss.

This council has been named to centralize all war activities on this side of the water.

A. F. GROVES
Practice Limited to
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted Correctly
Office Iron Exchange Building.

DR. H. G. INGERSOLL
Dentist
First National Bank Building
Brainerd, Minn.

DR. C. G. NORDIN
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted
First Nat'l. Bank Bldg., Phone 5
Brainerd, Minn.

D. E. WHITNEY
Funeral Director
710 Front Street Brainerd, Minn.

W. F. WIELAND
Attorney at Law
First Nat'l. Bank Bldg. Brainerd

EARL F. JAMIESON, M. D.
Ramsford Block
Office Hours 11 to 1, 3 to 5
Evening By Appointment

E. Z. BURGOYNE
Insurance
of all kinds
First National Bank Building
Brainerd, Minn.

DR. I. C. EDWARDS
Chiropractor
Office Hours—9:30-12—1:30-5
Iron Ex. Bldg. Phone, N. W. 102

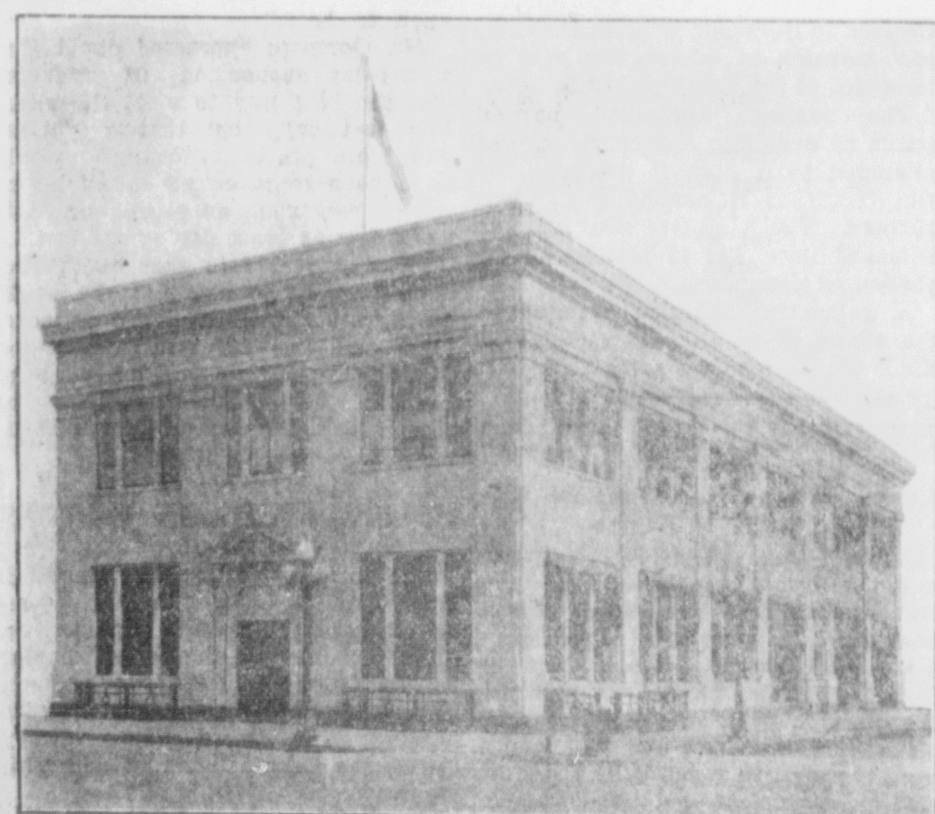
J. P. PROSSEE
Heating, Plumbing, Repairing
Phone NW 723-W
717 Laurel Street
All Work Guaranteed
233tf

TURCOTTE BROTHERS
Fruits and Vegetables Specialty
Groceries, Flour and Feed
318-320 S. 6th St. Phone 254

"FLOWERS"
For Funerals
Made up especially nice. Call
Duluth Floral Company
And write for our large illustrated
SEED AND GARDEN BOOK.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Brainerd, Minnesota.
Established 1881



Capital and Surplus \$100,000.00
Deposits over - - \$1,250,000.00

We Pay Interest on Time and Savings Deposits
Savings Deposits made up to and in-
cluding January 10th will draw interest
from January 1st.

G. D. LaBAR, Pres. F. A. FARRAR, V. P. R. E. WITHINGTON, Cashier
B. L. LAGERQUIST, Asst. Cashier A. P. DROGSETH, Asst. Cashier
A. C. MRAZ, Asst. Cashier

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:
Not much change.

Cooperative observer's record, 6 p. m.
January 17—Maximum 9, minimum 14 below.
January 18—Minimum during the night, 15 below.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Vis-
its, Deaths, Accidents, Etc.,
gratefully received by the Dis-
patch. Telephone North-
west 74.

Morris Moe has gone to Hot Springs
Ark.

For Spring Water phone 264. W. J. Hall is at Pine River on bus-
ness matters.

Store your household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 129tf

George H. Gardner went to Bemidji
this afternoon.

Eyes examined, glasses fitted. Dr. E. E. Long, Ramsford Bldg. 179tf

Miss Winifred Cannon went to
Leorch yesterday.

Crystal Spring water, \$1.00 month. L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m

John and Robert Richmond of Pe-
quot were in town.

Miss Esther Lind visited her sister
in Little Falls Sunday.

Mrs. E. J. McMahon, Slipp block,
hemstitching and piecing. 181-1m

The county commissioners will
hold an adjourned meeting Saturday
evening.

Alvin C. Ebert, manager of the
Brainerd Fruit Co. went to Aitkin
this afternoon.

For a first class job of Oxy-Acety-
lene welding go to Herbert Peterson
at the Woodhead Motor Co. garage. 13tf

The water and light board holds its
regular meeting in January on Tues-
day, January 29.

Miss Mand Hage of Minneapolis is
visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs.
Joseph Nicholson.

Nine-room house, warm and good.
298 Front St. Will rent for \$12.50 if
taken this week. Nettleton. 19112

Mrs. John Nordine, guest of Rev.
and Mrs. P. A. Peterson, has returned
to her home in Lake City.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rathvon, former
Deerwood residents and now of Glen-
wood, were in Brainerd today.

S. D. Henderschott, Pan Motor com-
pany representative, has returned
from a business trip to Crosby.

If you enjoy home cooking try
breakfast and supper at the Iron Ex-
change hotel. Supper 5:30 P. M. 189tf

Pat McCabe, of Crosby, who sold
his house in the city to Jacob Borken
returned to his home this afternoon.

Henry Thewit, a Brainerd pioneer,
is very sick at his home, 317 North

Broadway. He has lived in the city
over 35 years.

The piano used at the Symphony
tonight has been kindly loaned by
Wm. Graham and tuned with the or-
gan by Wm. Bartsch.

If you enjoy home cooking try
breakfast and supper at the Iron Ex-
change hotel. Supper 5:30 P. M. 188tf

They had a dance recently at Fort
Ripley and cleared a hundred dollars
for the Red Cross. Let us do equally
well at the Symphony tonight.

Dolphine Rocheleau returned on
Thursday from Brainerd where he
had been on business of a couple of
days.—Little Falls Transcript.

Lester, 3-year-old son of L. V. Ta-
ro of Fort Ripley, is at Hall's hospi-
tal suffering from bronchial pneu-
monia.—Little Falls Transcript.

K. C. Social Dance

Friday Night, Jan. 18

AT K. C. HALL

For Members, New Candidates and
Their Friends.

George A. Tracy has removed his
real estate and insurance office to
Room 213 Iron Exchange Bldg. 186tf

We have just begun giving to the
Red Cross. We can only let up on
our giving when one thing has hap-
pened—when our men have returned
home victors.

Gerald Cohen whose questionnaire
did not reach him, was working at
Wilmar, Ct. to enlist in the engi-
neers corp at St. Paul and is now
working in Seattle, Wash.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and
Mrs. J. H. Miller, 621 Fifth street
south, and mother and child are do-
ing well. All are happy to see the
little one join the family circle.

If you enjoy home cooking try
breakfast and supper at the Iron Ex-
change hotel. Supper 5:30 P. M. 189tf

Judge A. R. Holman of Pequot is in
the city on legal matters. Acting as
adviser to draft registrants at Pequot
he examined and filled out question-
naires for a month free of charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Folsom of
Pine City are visiting his brother-in-
law and wife, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Fol-
som. The Pine City man is editor
and publisher of the "Pine Poker."

Clean up sale of children's dress-
es. We have a lot of children's dress-
es, but all broken lines, no regular
sizes in any one kind. This will be
on sale at reduced prices. Come and
see them if you have any little girls.
B. Kaatz & Son. 11

The first and second basketball
teams of the high school play the Lit-
tle Falls high first and second teams
at Little Falls this Friday evening.
Each town has two victories to its
credit.

Dispatch want ads Thursday even-
ing measured over a half column.
There were 1 help wanted, 8 for re-
sult, 8 for sale and 2 miscellaneous.
Telephone your wants to the Dis-
patch Northwest 74, or mail the ad or have
it sent to the office. Ads are cash.

To keep up the morale of a com-
munity nothing is better than good
music. With shortage of transpor-
tation facilities we may depend more
and more upon local talent for our
amusements. Let us encourage the
children by going to the Symphony
tonight.

The piano used at the Symphony
concert Friday night with the or-
chestra can be moved to your home
Saturday morning for \$219.00, cash
or payments. A real bargain. Wm.
Graham Music Co. 19112

A meeting for men, old and young
will be held Sunday afternoon at 3
o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. W. H.
Miller of Minneapolis will be the
speaker, and will present some very
interesting side-lights on the state
prohibition situation. Mr. Miller
comes well-recommended as a posted
and entertaining speaker. All who
come will be assured a most profitable
hour. The meeting is free. Men of
all ages are invited.

Basketball players of the first high
school team going to Little Falls to-
day were Wm. Swanson, Walter Hig-
be, Otto Hubbard, Arthur Reid, Nels
Moistad, Clifford Welsh, Gene Nelson,
Henry Cunningham, Henry Lager-
quist. Boys of the second team were
Harry Summers, Martin Rosenberg,
Henry Bakula, Henry Nelson and
John Thabes. They were accompa-
nied by Coach C. H. Kimball and the
fans including Alton Fox, Walter
Carlson, Roy Anderson and Ernest
Reinhardt. One boy got left, run-
ning three blocks after the train and
failing to make the rear end.



Style
1500

HUDSON MAXIM
Famous inventor urges America
to test anti-U-boat scheme.



Hudson Maxim, the inventor, has
outlined to the senate ship investiga-
tion committee plans for ship con-
struction which he claimed would min-
imize the effect on merchant vessels
of explosions of torpedoes by instantly
disintegrating through a cooling pro-
cess the gases formed by the explo-
sion. He said he had sought in vain
to interest the Emergency Fleet cor-
poration.

REFUSE TO QUIT LANDS

Won't Withdraw From Occupied
Territory, Foe Tells Slavs.

Russian Proposals In Present Form
Are Unacceptable To Germany,
Is Word.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—The Teuton
statement in reply to Russian pro-
posals at the Brest-Litovsk con-
ference says withdrawal of Aus-
trian and German troops from oc-
cupied territories while the war
lasts is impossible.

Berlin, Jan. 18.—An official state-
ment issued here giving the reply
by the Teuton powers to the Russian
proposals at Brest-Litovsk says the
Russian proposals concerning the
regions occupied by the Teuton
powers diverge to such a degree
from the view of the Teuton powers
in their present form they are not
acceptable.

Aims Too Divergent.
The statement says the Russian
proposals do not show a compromising
attitude and do not consider the
opposite parties on a just basis. The
Teuton powers again are prepared
to give formulated expression of their
opinions and to try to find a basis
for compromise.

For the Teuton powers, as distinct
from the case with Russia, the an-
nouncement adds, a conclusion of
peace with Russia has no connection
with a general peace and the Teuton
powers are compelled to continue the
war against their other enemies.

The assertion that the right of self-
determination is an attribute of na-
tions and not of parts of nations is
not our conception of self-determina-
tion, the official statement declares.
It must not be assumed that the
limits of occupation are a standard
for fixing the boundaries of such por-
tions.

The Austro-Germans, the statement
declares, do not intend incorporating
the territories now occupied by them
into their respective countries.

Coal Order Big War Reminder

New York, Jan. 18.—Former Pres-
ident Taft alluded to Dr. Garfield's or-
der in an address to the National
Boot & Shoe Manufacturers' associa-
tion as but "one of the disagreeable
features which must result from the
the war, but like the good Americans
that we are, we will adapt ourselves
to the conditions imposed by our gov-
ernment. Many of us have not fully
realized that we are at war," Mr. Taft
said, "but Dr. Garfield's order shutting
down manufacturing plants for five
days looks very much like war."

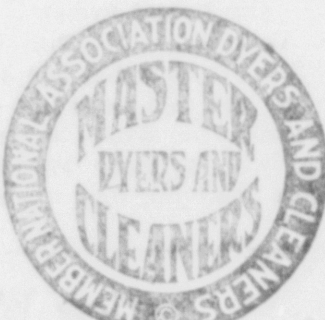
OFFICIALS CONDONE BIGAMY

German Journals Cry Alarm At Sit-
uation They Say Exists.
Geneva, Switzerland, Jan. 18.—
Several South German newspapers
received here cry alarm over the in-
crease of bigamy in Germany in 1917.
They say the many acquittals, and
the lenient sentences imposed indi-
cate that the authorities are condon-
ing the offense.

Among excuses pleaded by the men
accused are loss of memory because
of shell shock; departure of the wife
without leaving an address, and in-
fidelity on the part of a wife.
Some have gone so far as to de-
clare boldly that plural marriages
are good for the nation's future. A
corporal told a municipal court that
he got married every time he obtained
leave from the trenches, and he
lied he had five wives.

Fernweh.

The 100 per cent efficiency that is
being striven for can't be reached in
a day's efforts. It may take a hun-
dred, and even then don't be discour-
aged if it seems that you will need to
try another hundred.

Introducing Our Glove
Cleaning Department----

Let Us Show You That Our Glove
Cleaning Department Is All We Claim
it to be.

The rumor that many glove wearers are skeptical
about the workmanship and service of this branch of
our dry cleaning department has prompted us to conduct a "SHOW
ME", Campaign for one week commencing Monday, January 21,
1918. At any time during this week we will clean any pair of
gloves FREE OF CHARGE provided they are accompanied by the
coupon below.

Brainerd MODEL Laundry

Dry Cleaners, Dyers, Launderers

We Can Clean
GlovesBring the Gloves and Coupon and We
Will Show You

"SHOW ME" Coupon

BRAINERD MODEL LAUNDRY:

Without any obligation on my part I am sending here-
with one pair of gloves which I would like cleaned free
of charge as per your agreement.Name
Address

WOMAN'S REALM

AMUSEMENTS

"Pay Me" a Jewel Film

If it is possible to crowd any more thrills or action into 5000 feet of film than is to be found in Dorothy Phillips' new screen vehicle, "Pay Me!" last night's audience at the Empress theatre opening would have to be shown. It doesn't seem that it could be done.

"Pay Me!" presented by the Jewel Productions, Inc., starts off with a bang and ends up with a fight 1,000 feet long. This isn't quite true, though. The fight just prepares things for the end. The real end comes when a perfectly good dance hall somewhere in Alaska is burned to the ground as the result of the fight. Miss Phillips is very sweet and pretty as Marta, and William Stowell as Bill, the Boss, is very muscular and pugnacious. Lon Chaney makes much of the heavy role of Joe Lawson, alias Killer White. The rest of the cast is fully satisfactory.

It wouldn't be fair to tell the story here. Let it go with the statement that it is just the sort of a yarn to make folks forget the cold, the war and other unpleasant things. In setting, the picture leaves nothing to be desired, and, taken as a whole, "Pay Me!" provides splendid entertainment, and to the end the evening Mollie King in "The Seven Pearls" is going to give the picture fans of Brainerd the serial of their lives.

Annual Meeting

Mrs. Victor Quarnstrom and Mrs. C. E. Peterson entertained the Ladies Aid of the Swedish Bethany church yesterday afternoon at the home of the latter. This was the annual meeting of the society and a very large attendance was present. The election of officers was held and reports were read showing the society to be in a very prosperous condition.

Bethlehem Men's Club

The Bethlehem Men's club will meet this evening at the home of Matt Olson 1216 Norwood street and celebrate his birthday. Mr. Olson is a patriotic citizen having two sons in the army.



TODAY

"Pay Me"

And

"The Seven Pearls"

Two productions par excellence. Two stars who have made their place assured.

An Evening of Amusement
Unexcelled at the

**Empress
Theatre**

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

January 17-18

Evenings, 7:30 and 9:00

This coupon and 10c will admit you either Thursday or Friday, Jan. 17 or 18, at the Empress Theatre.

Bible Class

The W. M. B. Young Men's Bible class of the Peoples Congregational church of which Rev. William Lloyd Crist, is teacher, met on Wednesday night, and organized, electing the following officers:

President—Ernest Crust,
Vice President—James Templeton,
Secretary—Edward Crust,
Treasurer—Felix Novick.

The motto of the class is "We Mean Business." They cordially invite all young men who do not attend Sabbath school any place else to meet with them on Sunday mornings at 10 o'clock.

WIDE BRIM IS STILL MODISH

Most of the Crowns on Hats of This Kind Are High and Large and Many Are Soft and Draped.

The straight wide brim and the wide brim rolling up around are still with us for modish hats though liked better for street wear than for the accompaniment of evening toilets; and the designers do all kinds of charming things with the wide floppy-brimmed capelines.

Among the shapes with wide straight brim some of the best looking models have crowns of fur, brims of velvet and perhaps a cord or narrow ribbon drawn around the crown and knotted to hide the line of union.

Most of the crowns are large and high and many of them are soft and draped, though there are plenty of stiff crowned hats in velvet, hatter's plush, black satin, etc. The big crowns, especially the more severe ones, are not by any means universally becoming and the woman of small face or petite figure is likely to look very topheavy in a majority of the most modish large shapes. If she searches diligently enough, however, she will find a crown of modest size, for they do exist, albeit rather apologetically.

NOVEL TRIMMING FOR TURBAN



A fetching flower made of beaver fur and set in a cluster of metal foliage trims this smart brown velvet turban.

Upholstery at Home.

If one is doing over the furniture that needs renovating, the best way is first to take off the original covering, and from this cut the new one, being just as careful as one would be in cutting a dress. The material must then be pulled and stretched to cover the spaces, care being taken to keep the thread of the material running in the right direction. In tackling the covers on avoid marring the woodwork. A very small hammer is best for the purpose. Where the surrounding woodwork is easily marring, the striking part of the hammer may be covered with a piece of an old thick kid glove, stretched tight. This makes the hammering a little more difficult, but it lessens the danger of marring the wood if the hammer strikes. The choice of the right gimp is important where the edges of the cover have to be covered.

The Philosophy of Brocade.

Folks who study the philosophy of clothes declare there is a psychological reason for the present craze for silver and gold brocades, says the New York Evening Mail. The general tendency in street and afternoon frocks is toward simplicity. The season's only trimming of prominence is fur. This, so students of dress tell us, is a reflection of the war spirit. And the brilliant brocades, on the other hand, express "the letting off of steam." Women cannot subsist on a steady diet of simplicity and so they are taking a little fling with brocade chapeaux and garments for formal evening wear.

Whatever else one may think about the soundness of this explanation, it is interesting. And no one will deny that never before have gold and silver brocades been utilized in such attractive forms.

Had the Grip Three Weeks.

With January comes lagrippe. Lingering colds seem to settle in the system, causing one to ache all over, feel feverish and chilly, tired, heavy and drooping. Mrs. Lizzie Tyles, Henderson, Ky., writes: "My daughter had lagrippe for three weeks. I gave her Foley's Honey and Tar and now she is all right." H. P. Dunn, druggist.

Suffragists Claim Amendment Will Pass in These States



Woman suffragists who won a victory in the House of Representatives when that body passed the constitutional amendment believe they will be able to convince twenty-four more states the amendment should be adopted by them, that is, if it goes to them from the United States Senate,

SKIRTS GROW STILL TIGHTER

Some Seen Recently Do Not Attempt to Give the Wearer Enough Room for Walking.

At a morning talk for charity, given in a small room of one of the smart hotels, some of the best gowns of the season made their appearance, says a writer in the New York Times. Two or three fine points forced themselves on the student of styles at this gathering. One was that patent leather oxfords, pointed of toe and high of heel, have become the ultra-fashionable footwear of the winter. They are worn with never a vestige of a spat, the theory of the wearer being that cold air is good for the ankles. As one little debutante put it: "If air is good for the lungs, why not for the ankles?"

Another point fully demonstrated is that skirts are to be tighter and tighter. Often they are so tight that they are made to lap over in the back in order to give room for walking. In other cases they are just frankly tight, and do not attempt to give enough room for walking.

Still another point is that hats are plain at the point of having no trimming at all. Many were seen that had not even a band around the crown. They are lines, all lines.

COUNTRY'S MONEY POSITION STRONG

NO DOUBT WHATEVER ABOUT ITS ABILITY TO FINANCE THE WAR SUCCESSFULLY.

FEDERAL RESERVE A HELP

Senator Borah Rather Pessimistic About Our Early Participation in the Actual Fighting, but Says There Will Be Plenty of Time.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—In view of all that has been said in speeches, published in editorials and advertisements, blazoned in posters and circulated in various kinds of literature, it may be taken for granted that the people of the country are pretty well informed as to the necessity of saving money and buying Liberty bonds and savings stamps in order to help win the war. Washington officials believe the people are informed, but fear that they may not realize the importance of the subject.

However that may be, there can be no doubt about the financing of the war. The government is all-powerful when it comes to taking money. The government can even commandeer money, although it will probably take it in the form of taxes. But it can go farther and issue money to pay for its supplies if worst comes to worst. That is a form of raising money which will not be adopted save a means of last resort.

Government officials are congratulating themselves upon the present sound basis of the financial system of the government. The president several months ago pointed out how admirably adapted to the present crisis was the federal reserve banking system. And now the financial officers of the government go further and point out how the financing of the war thus far has been facilitated by the federal reserve banks. The most important feature of the federal reserve banking system is that it seems to insure the country against money panics.

Our Part in 1918.

Senator Borah of Idaho has been rather pessimistic about the condition of the nation, not only before, but since the war began. In fact, he seems to have become the legitimate successor of former Senator Eugene Hale of Maine in the capacity of a senatorial danger signal. "We won't get into

the war very much this year," remarked the Idaho senator. "We are not prepared; we can't get our materials or our troops ready to take very much part in the real fighting. But we will have an opportunity. The war will not be over for a long time. There will be plenty of fighting for our troops even if they do not take much part in it this year."

Long before the advent of Hoover and the food law the agricultural department was at work on problems relating to the high cost of living and the increase of the food supply. Although there is a food dictator with very great powers, the agricultural department has continued its work. It is trying to increase production and is helping the food saving campaign in every possible way. Particular attention is given to substitute foods so that the staples may be utilized for war purposes.

An Early Supply Bill.

Chairman Moon of the house post office committee pushed the post office appropriation bill through before the holiday recess. Chairman Bankhead of the senate post office committee intends to pass this bill through the senate and get it out of the way. It is generally one of the last of the appropriation bills to pass; this year it is one of the first. "There will be no legislation on the bill," declared Bankhead. "I have been fussing with John Moon for six years because he insisted upon loading down this appropriation bill with legislation. This year he has not put anything on it and I am going to pass it just as it came from the house."

One reason for hurrying the bill is because there is a lot of postal legislation to be considered sometime and the appropriation bill might be made a vehicle to carry it if the bill were delayed.

Almost as insistent as the savings campaign is that being waged now to induce persons subject to the income tax to make a proper return before March 1. Every unmarried person with an income of more than \$1,000 and every married man with an income of \$2,000 must make a return and pay taxes upon the excess of those amounts. Government officials are telling people that it is a privilege to pay such incomes and thus help win the war.

COALING SHIPS IS PRIMARY AIM

Garfield Says Accumulated Supplies Badly Needed by Allies Must Move.

EXPLAINS FUEL ORDER

Excessive Production, Zero Weather and Snowbound Trains Held as Causes of Confusion Bringing Crisis.

Washington, Jan. 18.—In a statement explaining the fuel order, Dr. Garfield says:

"The most urgent thing to be done is to send to the American forces abroad and to the Allies the food and war supplies which they vitally need. War munitions, food, manufactured articles of every description lie at our Atlantic ports in tens of thousands of tons while literally hundreds of ships wait, loaded with war goods for our men and the Allies, cannot take the seas because bunkers are empty of coal. The coal to send them on their way is waiting behind a congested freight that has jammed all terminals. Ships Must Have Coal.

"It is worse than useless to bend our energies to more manufacturing when what we have already manufactured lies at tidewater congested terminal facilities, jamming the railroad yards and sidetracks for long distances

which has yet to act. There are now twelve full suffrage states, and five more which permit women to vote in presidential contests. Others have various limited forms of suffrage. Five presidential and the twelve full suffrage states are, of course, expected to vote for the amendment. Nine

others, some of which have various forms of suffrage, must vote for the amendment to fill the constitutional requirement of thirty-six states. Conservative suffragists think Delaware and Vermont are doubtful.

back into the country. No power on earth can move this freight into the war zone where it is needed until we supply the ships with fuel. "Once the docks are cleared of valuable freight, for which our associates in the war now wait in vain, then again our energies and power may be turned to manufacture more efficiently than ever so that a steady and uninterrupted stream of vital supplies may be this nation's answer to the Allies' cry for help."

Production Carried to Excess. "It has been excess production in our war-time speeding up that has done so much to cause congestion of our railroads, that has filled the freight yards to overflow; that has flooded the docks of our Atlantic ports with goods waiting to go abroad. At tidewater the flood of freight was stopped. The ships were unable to complete the journey from our factories to the war depots behind the firing lines.

"Added to this has been a difficulty of transporting coal for our own domestic needs. On top of these difficulties has come one of the most terribly severe winters we have known in years.

Clear Line Imperative. "A clear line from the manufacturing establishment to the seaport and beyond—that was the imperative need. It was like soldiers marching to the front. The men of the foremost rank must have room to move.

"More than a shock was needed to make a way through that congestion at the terminals and on the docks so that the aid so vitally needed by the Allies could get through.

"The incidental effect of this transportation situation on coal production has been disastrous. There is and always has been plenty of fuel, but it cannot be moved to those places where it is so badly needed while railroads lines and terminals are choked. Throughout the coal fields scores, even hundreds of mines are lying idle because of railroad inability to supply the cars to carry away their products.

Mines Must Have Cars. "Coal mines cannot operate without cars. Cars cannot be supplied while the railroads are crippled by the present freight congestion which keeps idle cars lying useless in the freight yards.

In the past week the production of coal has been disastrously reduced. Reports in some cases have shown 90 per cent of the mines in certain fields closed completely for lack of cars."

COAL DELIVERIES ARE SMALL

Railways in Storm Belt Are Unable To Speed Up.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Deliveries of coal for the next few days will be small through the entire storm swept section of the country and probably elsewhere, railroad officials declared, after receiving reports of continuing cold weather and snow. Lines to larger coal mines have been opened by snow plows, but the way is still blocked to scores of small ones. It is understood that the fuel restriction order was prompted partly by anticipation of this curtailed coal delivery. However, Director General McAdoo said the railroads would co-operate in carrying out the fuel administrator's order, by moving coal to localities needing it most.

General Meat Shortage Possible. Chicago, Jan. 18.—"A very real possibility of a general meat shortage within a few months," is forecast by Joseph P. Cotton, meat division chief of the federal food administration.

"Conditions in the Allied countries make it essential to send them much more meat," he said. "It will be necessary to continue meatless days." However, meatless days in Pacific coast states will be discontinued for two months. Drouth has made necessary the slaughter of much cattle. It is impracticable to export.

Crayon Will Help. When someone has knocked a white place in the wall paper copy the proper coloring of the figure with crayons and the spot will not show.

WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET -
Lammon's
THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE -
BRainerd MINN.

Time Now to Turn Over a New Leaf

The first of the year is a time of resolutions—the breaking away from old habits, etc. If you have been trading at a drug store just because it was conveniently located or because you never deemed it necessary to have a regular druggist—we ask you now acquire the habit of being a particular drug buyer. Investigate our store and our methods—ask your doctor about us.

We would like to be your family druggists during 1918.

To Be Sure of Obtaining the Large 10 oz. Package Ask Your Grocer For

KRE-ME-KUTS

The Creamy, Delicious Economical Macaroni

Cooks In 8 Minutes

Quality Brand Macaroni, Spaghetti, etc. are of the same high quality and same price—10 oz. Packages

Machine Dried Machine Packed Absolutely Sanitary

FASHION'S FANCIES

Very plain frocks may have collars and cuffs of brilliant stuff.

Cheap fur—especially if dyed—is neither economical nor beautiful.

Vells are a very important feature of the smart street outfit.

A very simple narrow girdle is tied in a butterfly bow in front.

There are long narrow muffs that resemble a stovepipe.

The informal evening gown has quite a high neckline.

Many of the new small hats turn abruptly off the face.

Red is said to be the favored color for the coming spring.

Apron effects are prominent among the new dresses.

Sport dresses are worn with knitted sleeveless jackets.

Black, brown and taupe are the preferred colors for veils.

A coat of green velvet trimmed with kolinsky is attractive.

Long coats trimmed with fur usually have bright linings.

Fringes for evening wraps are made of silk or slashed cloth.

Long scarfs of wool muffle the throats of fashionable women.

Many of the new dresses have skirts that simulate trousers.

Comfort in Clothes.

Wear tight corsets again in order to have a small waist? Never, women never will, says a well-known designer and costumer in New York. A woman, she speaks for other women, saying they will not again go back to all sorts of limitations. They will not make themselves uncomfortable with high collars, though there will always be some people who like them and can wear them with ease. Narrow skirts, too, will not mean that they must be so scanty that they are not practical, that one cannot walk in them, but rather that they are not to possess any superfluous fullness around the bottom.

There really is no danger, comforts this designer, that women will be expected to adopt bustles again; in fact, women will not endure such a style, she insists. What are mislabeled bustles are really only variations of back drapery.

Votes That Don't Count.

Son—"Father, I'm thinking of taking the political economy course at college." Alderman Clancy—"All right, me son; but remember this; Y can't never depend own a vote ye buy cheap."—Life.

Like Being Hit By Rattle Snake

Says that every time you cut or pick at a corn you invite lockjaw

You reckless men and women who are pestered with corns and who have at least once a week invited an awful death from lockjaw or blood poison are now told by a Cincinnati authority to use a drug called freezone, which the moment a few drops are applied to any corn, the soreness is relieved and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out with the fingers, without one particle of pain. This freezone is a sticky substance which dries the moment it is applied and just loosens the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. He says a quarter of an ounce of freezone will cost very little at any of the drug stores, but this is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus.

You are positively warned that cutting or picking at a corn is a suicidal habit.

\$1 Cook Book

FREE

With First Can of

Ryzon Baking Powder

PER 1 POUND CAN 35c

Lingonberries, per quart 20c

Mixed Nuts, per pound 20c

Parsnips Cabbages, Carrots, Apples, Oranges, Etc.

Larson's Grocery

618 Laurel Street Brainerd Minnesota

SPECIAL PRICES

FOR THE WINTER

Warm, Steam Heated Rooms Electric Lighted

Bath on Each Floor

Iron Exchange Hotel

Lewis Harrison, Mgr. Brainerd, Minn.

A CLEAR COMPLEXION

Ruddy Cheeks—Sparkling Eyes—Most Women Can Have

Says Dr. Edwards, a Well-Known Ohio Physician

Dr. F. M. Edwards for 17 years treated scores of women for liver and bowel ailments. During these years he gave to his patients a prescription made of a few well-known vegetable ingredients mixed with olive oil, naming them Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. You will know them by their olive color.

These tablets are wonder-workers on the liver and bowels, which cause a normal action, carrying off the waste and poisonous matter in one's system.

If you have a pale face, sallow look, dull eyes, pimples, coated tongue, headaches, a listless, no-good feeling, all out of sorts, inactive bowels, you take one of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets nightly for a time and note the pleasing results.

Thousands of women as well as men take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the successful substitute for calomel—now and then just to keep in the pink of condition, 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Our Jitney Offer—This and 5c.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. H. P. Dunn, druggist.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

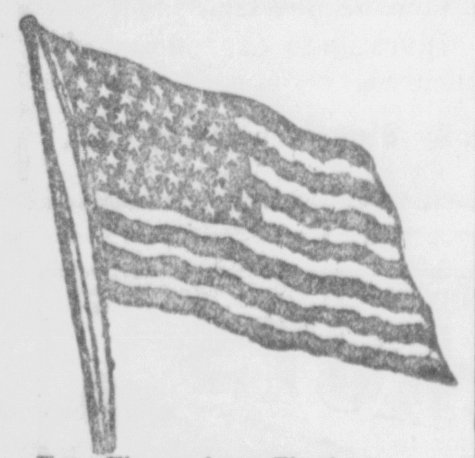
THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance.....\$4.00Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St.
Entered at the post office at Brainerd,
Minn., as second class matter.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1918.



Your Flag and my Flag!

And, oh, how much it holds

Of your Land and my Land

Safe within its folds.

Your heart and my heart

Beat quicker at the sight;

Sun-kissed and wind-kissed,

The Red, the Blue and White!

The one Flag—the Great Flag—

The Flag for me and you—

Glorified the whole world wide—

The Red, the White, the Blue!

THE WEEKLY POTATO DAY

The time has come for a concerted drive on the Irish potato. Last fall the grocery trade joined hands with the Food Administration to this end, but there were complications in the crop—drought and field frosts which caused a yield of small potatoes and hurried damaged potatoes to market, putting prices below the profit point to growers in some sections, and in other places, coupled with railway congestion, putting prices too high for free consumption. Now, most of the troubles of last year's crop seem to be over. There are plenty of potatoes in most markets with satisfactory supplies steadily coming in. We need a long strong pull all together on potatoes—growers, grocer, and consumer all doing teamwork to get good potatoes to market and put them on the people's tables at reasonable prices.

A new device for selling has been worked out. The retail grocer is advised to look over his weekly schedule of deliveries, choose the day when trade is slack, make a special price on potatoes for delivery that day and fix Potato Day in his community as a weekly event. This is an improvement over potato week and potato months, both of which concentrated too much attention upon this food at one time and led to market disturbances. One potato day each week makes no abnormal demands upon the farmer or the railroads, and so will not disturb prices or cause shortages or gluts. One potato day a week will enable the retail grocer to fill up a hollow place in his sales and delivery service, and keep his money and his employees busy. One potato day a week will enable the consumer to use this valuable food article as a balance diet and reduce living costs, and conserve wheat and meat for our fighters and the allied nations. With organized sales efforts behind potatoes, handled at decent profits through the entire grocery trade of the country, there will be no need for consumers storing the tubers themselves—in some ways this amounts to a form of hoarding and disturbs the market. Potato day each week should be a fixed event, from now until the 1917 crop is eaten up next June.

Little Falls has taken the initiative in putting that city on the map and the manner suggested will meet with the approval of not only the people of that city but of Morrison county also, for whatever benefits the city may derive radiates to the most remote corners of the county in which that city is located. The business and professional men there have united in a movement for securing a community secretary to look after the city's interests in all details, to put it on a business basis, and the work has already commenced with R. C. Erath, staff representative of the National Service, in a preliminary survey of ten days after which an intensive campaign in civic matters will be started. The Little Falls Transcript in commenting on the matter publishes the report of Fred T. Lincoln secretary of the Brainerd Chamber of Commerce and editorially says:

Owing to the fact that Little Falls is at this time considering the possibility of a paid community secretary a few extracts from the secretary's report of the Brainerd Chamber of

Commerce will be interesting. The Brainerd Dispatch of January 16 carried a report of the Chamber's business for the past year and from which the excerpts are taken.

The merchants of Little Falls have entered into an agreement to do away with premiums and stamp offers as an inducement to draw the trade of customers and in future will give the public the full value for what they pay, or as the Transcript says "100 cents on the dollar," and adds that "premium offers are an inducement to trade but cause an extra expense that the merchants must be able to meet. By doing away with the premiums the merchants can give their customers that benefit on a purchase immediately." There is food for thought in the action taken by our down river neighbors, especially at a time when a dollar goes but a little more than half as far on many articles as before war prices went into effect.

St. Cloud's postmaster, J. D. Kowalkowski has resigned owing to ill health and the assistant, Frank Bach, takes over the duties until another postmaster is appointed or until arrangements to the contrary are made. Mr. Bach has been the assistant for many years and is considered to be 100 per cent in postoffice knowledge, ability to handle the business and is popular with the postal patrons so St. Cloud will not suffer while he has charge of affairs.

Hotels and restaurants in Minnesota failing to observe wheatless and meatless days will lose their licenses and be closed up by the federal food administration. Officials have exhausted the "suggestions" made to public eating houses and in future will enforce the rules.

GETTING A BATH IN BOGOTA

Attempt Was Fraught With Much Difficulty and Considerable Profanity, According to Writer.

Ever since our arrival Hays and I had been threatening to patronize one of the two public bathhouses with a first-class bogotano reputation rumor had it existed in the capital, says Frank's Vagabonding Down the Andes. But in a land where the temperature rarely reaches 50 and the floors are tiled, it takes courage, and we had been satisfying ourselves and our duty to humanity by bravely splashing a basin of icy water over mainly forms each morning on rising. By dint of strong resolutions often repeated to be up at six and visit one of the cases de banos we did finally manage one morning to find ourselves wandering the streets by eight, with towel and soap under our arms, and stared at by all we met. We discovered La Violeta at last, next door to a blacksmith shop. The keeper we woke up told us we might have a cold bath, but that the sign on the front wall: "Hot baths at all hours," was to be taken with a bogotano meaning.

A few mornings later we did actually find the other establishment open. We entered a large patio, the most striking of several buildings, within which was a round, or, more exactly, an eight-sided house, and in time succeeded in arousing the place to the extent of bringing down upon us a youth hugely excited at the appearance of a crowd of two whole bathers all at one time.

The youth assured us there was plenty of hot water. I won the toss and was soon stripped. But the shower was colder than the ice fields bounding the pole. When I had caught my breath I bawled my repertory of profane Spanish at the youth, who could be seen through a hole above pottering with some sort of an upright boiler and firebox, and now and then peering down upon me. Suddenly the water grew warm, hot, boiling, then, just when I had soaped myself from crown to toe in the steam, it turned as suddenly cold again, and an instant later stopped entirely. My eyes tight closed I shouted at the youth above.

"Es que el agua caliente se acabo," he droned. "It is that the hotel water has finished itself."

There being no deadly weapon at hand I turned on a tap of ice-cold water and raced to the dressing room still half soaped. Hays, scantily clad, was gazing fiercely at the bath through a hole in the door.

"Then there isn't any more hot water?" he demanded.

"Not, now, senior, but there will be soon."

"Good. How soon?"

"Early tomorrow morning, senior."

"Why, you cross-eyed son of spigdon," exploded the ordinarily even-tempered ex-corporal, "I came here and stripped to an undershirt that I might dance in my bare feet on this tile floor in honor of Jose Maria de la Santa Trinidad Simon Bolivar! Get up on that roof and fire up or . . ."

The youth was already feverishly stoking armfuls of wood under the upright boiler, and by the time I left for home Hays was shadow boxing to keep warm with a fair chance of getting a bath before the day was done.

Was Feeling All Run Down

Louis Buckner, Somerset, Va., writes: "I was feeling all run down; tired, with pains in my back. After taking Foley Kidney Pills I felt like a new man. Backache, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles, swollen ankles, and sleep-disturbing bladder ailments yield quickly to this time-tried remedy. H. P. Dunn, druggist."

ALL INDUSTRIES
CLOSED IN EAST

Drastic Curtailment Order Goes Into Effect Despite Appeals For Delay.

SENATE PLEA SPURNED

Upper House Had Passed Resolution Demanding Postponement, Vote of Senators Standing Fifty To Nineteen.

Washington, Jan. 18.—All industrial plants east of the Mississippi and in the states of Minnesota and Louisiana, except 43 specified plants doing vital war work, were under orders to close down at midnight and remain closed until Tuesday at midnight.

The Garfield curtailment order, more drastic than anything the government has ever issued since America entered the war, was officially signed at 6 o'clock.

It was issued in the teeth of a resolution passed a few moments before by the Senate, demanding a postponement. Fifty out of the 69 senators voting in it favored its passage. Nineteen voted in the negative.

At the same time Fuel Administrator Garfield, backed to the limit by President Wilson, issued a statement defending the action and explaining that it resulted, not so much from a shortage of coal, as from the almost hopeless congestion of the railroads.

Direct Effect of Order
It is estimated that between 5,000,000 and 10,000,000 workers, earning between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000 a day in wages, would be affected.

Both Garfield and President Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, appealed to the employers not to curtail the wages of these men, but to pay them over the period of the inactivity.

A total loss of between \$1,500,000,000 and \$1,750,000,000 in wages and production values combined was predicted in the debate in the Senate.

Fear that I. W. W. agitators and pro-German propagandists may seize the opportunity to stir up labor troubles caused the Department of Justice to take precautionary steps.

Enforcement of the order will be undertaken through the 3,000 state and county fuel administrators scattered through the area involved.

Seldom has Washington seen a day of more stirring activity. An astonished Congress paid little attention to any other subject during the day, and officials generally, few of whom had known the order was imminent, talked of little else.

Garfield Makes Statement.

In a lengthy statement, justifying his action, Dr. Garfield declared that the chief consideration prompting it was the necessity for providing fuel for ships to carry food supplies abroad for American troops and the Allies. "The country," he said, "is suffering from over-production and can well suspend manufacturing enterprise for a short time."

"War munitions, food, manufactured products of every description lie at our Atlantic ports in tens of thousands of tons, while literally hundreds of ships waiting loaded with war goods for our men and the Allies cannot take the seas because their bunkers are empty of coal."

"This is war. Whatever the cost we must pay it, so that in face of the enemy there can never be the reproach that we held back from doing our full share. Ships laden with our supplies of food for men and food for guns must have coal and put to sea."

SUBMARINE CREWS REVOLT

Kill 38 Officers in Mutiny at Base at Kiel.

London, Jan. 17.—A mutiny among submarine crews at the German naval base at Kiel on January 7 is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Geneva. Thirty-eight officers are said to have been killed.

The Geneva dispatch quotes advice received here from Basel giving details concerning the mutiny. It is said to have begun by submarine crews and subsequently to have spread to portions of the crews stationed at Kiel.

Some of the men who joined the attack on the officers took part in the earlier mutiny at Kiel, the dispatch reports. It adds:

"Although the mutiny was local, it shows that German naval men are dissatisfied, especially in the submarine service, as the number of boats returning to German ports is decreasing every month."

Population of U. S. 105,006,000.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The population of continental United States Jan. 1 was 105,006,000 as estimated by Treasury department experts, who calculated the per capita money circulation at \$48.76 on that date. An increase of 1,719,000 in population from January 1 last year is shown, while the per capita circulation increases \$5.76. On January 1, 1879, the population was 48,231,000 and the per capita circulation \$16.92. The general stock of money in the United States on Jan. 1 this year was \$6,256,198.

DON'T MISS The Big Bonus Sale

H. W. LINNEMANN

Men's and Boy's Clothing and Shoes

At Savings From 30c to 60c On a Dollar

Great American Athlete Fells German Flyer



Hobey Baker, the great Princeton star at hockey and football, who long ago joined the American aviators on the western front, has brought down his first German aeroplane. He was officially mentioned the other day in reports to the War Department.

TWO MEET AFTER
TWENTY-ONE YEARS

(Ironton News)

Mike Door of Ironton was in Brainerd over Sunday visiting with his sisters, Mrs. O. H. Oelwein and Mrs. F. W. Sleeper. They told him that his brother John had been up from Minneapolis, and that John and Mrs. Sleeper had met for the first time in twenty-one years. All of Mr. Door's brothers and sisters were in Brainerd during the holidays except a sister in St. Cloud and one in Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Sleeper have a son in the navy, in the paymaster's office, and he says he likes it very much. This was the first time so many of the family had been together for eighteen years, and they all enjoyed the meeting. Those present were: Mrs. C. Berg and husband and John Door of Minneapolis, Mrs. O. H. Oelwein and Mrs. F. W. Sleeper of Brainerd, Ralph Sleeper of Great Lakes Ill. and Mr. Oelwein's mother, brother and his wife from Idaho.

Her Trouble is Gone

Mrs. Thos. H. Davis, Montgomery, Ind., says she had trouble with her bladder and had doctored for several months without relief, when Foley Kidney Pills were recommended and she commenced using them and got relief. They relieve backache, rheumatic pains, stiff, swollen joints and kidney trouble. H. P. Dunn, druggist.

DISPATCH WANTS ADS PAY

Brainerd Lady Doing Her Bit

"More than a year ago I took a course of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy for gall stones, severe colic and stomach trouble and have been entirely well ever since. I have recommended it to many other stomach sufferers, as I felt it was my duty to tell them just how much good it has done me." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Johnson's Pharmacy.—Adv.

Farmers and Butchers Dealers and Trappers ATTENTION!

The Fur Market is booming daily and skins are very scarce on the present business fields of today.

The demand is great, the price is high. There is a big shortage.

We are the largest direct buyers in raw furs, raw hides, sheep pelts and tallow. We pay our shippers their full value for them. Save those middle deals—earn the profits yourself. Ship them to us—today.

Cow Hides 20c to 14c per lb.
Bull Hides 18c to 14c per lb.
Calf Hides 29c to 22c per lb.
Horse Hides \$6.50 to \$4 for full lengths

Raw Furs are worth as follows:

Muskrats \$1.60 to 35c
Skunks \$6.50 to \$1.50
Mink \$9.00 to \$1.75
Red Fox \$30 to \$7.00
Weasels \$1.75 to 30c

BEAR, WOLF, BEAVERS, COON, etc., are worth according to the fur, rare color and size.

Tallow 9c to 19c per lb.

Sheep Pelts are worth as per weight, size and quality.
Raw Hides and Tallow ship by freight.
Raw Furs and Sheep Pelts ship by express or Parcel Post.

TRY US ONCE COMPARE OUR PRICES JOIN US NOW.

The Northwestern Hide and Fur Company of Hancock, Michigan

Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

PRINTERS' INK

Has done more towards nursing a sick or stagnant business than any known remedy. To get the desired results one should learn the real value of this great commodity and its relative merits when employed in the right way.

Read the Ads Tonight

GOVERNMENT WAR SAVING STAMPS

Preliminary Steps Taken Toward the Organization of Brainerd and Crow Wing County

H. F. MICHAEL IS THE CHAIRMAN

Authorized Agencies and Locations Where Stamps are on Sale will Appear Soon in Papers

The preliminary steps towards the organization of Brainerd and Crow Wing county for the sale of Government War Savings stamps and U. S. Thrift Stamps were taken today, when County Chairman H. F. Michael of the National War Savings committee called his executive committee together at the Chamber of Commerce rooms to go over the details.

It was decided to select a number of authorized agents of the treasury department in Brainerd and other cities of the county who will handle, for the government, these certificates and thrift stamps. A carefully selected list was compiled and the applications for appointments as agents will be sent to the treasury department at once.

It is planned to have stations for the sale of stamps and certificates at drug stores, banks and prominent stores and business houses, and from now on, the attractive cards reading, "United States War Saving Stamps for sale here" will appear in conspicuous places all over the city and the county.

The executive committee is composed of the following: H. F. Michael, chairman; H. P. Dunn, E. A. Colquhoun, Mrs. L. P. Hall of Deerwood and Fred T. Lincoln.

Mr. Michael has named the following as an advisory board committee: L. P. Hall, G. S. McCulloch, H. W. Linnemann, W. H. Cleary, G. D. LaBar, A. J. Hayes, H. G. Stacey, J. P. Anderson, W. C. Cobb and S. R. Adair.

A Million Stations
The Federal Directors of the National War Savings Committee have decided to inaugurate a drive for the establishment of sales places. One million such places to be the goal for the month of January. These sales stations will obtain their stamps and all supplies from regular agencies, agent banks and post offices. There should be approximately one sales station for every 100 population. These sales stations must sell all stamps at the prices current in the month sales are made. Signs will be furnished by the chairman of the county War Savings committee.

Mr. Dunn will have charge of securing and handling the literature from the government and other important work. Mr. Colquhoun will spread the gospel of Saving Certificates in the county and Mr. Lincoln will have charge of the publicity work.

A list of the authorized agencies and the location of the stations will appear in the local press soon. The 4-Minute Men-4 organization has already been making short talks on this splendid movement and will continue to co-operate.

Watch the papers, learn the details of the War Savings movement and plan to do your bit.

FARMER INSURANCE CO.

Annual Meeting of the Long Lake Mutual Insurance Co. at Chamber of Commerce

The Long Lake Mutual Fire Insurance Co., a prosperous farmers company, will hold its annual meeting at the Chamber of Commerce rooms at 1 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, January 30, to elect a board of directors and to vote on bylaws as amended by the committee. The meeting has been called by Henry M. Bouck of South Long Lake, secretary of the organization.

ROLL OF HONOR

Raymond Rose, son of Charles Rose of St. Paul, former Brainerd resident, has been commissioned a lieutenant. Young Rose was in Porto Rico with the government experimental station when war was declared and he then joined the officers' training camp on the island. He is a graduate of the Brainerd high school and the Agricultural College of the University of Minnesota.

W. C. T. U.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. parlors.

DISSOLUTION

Owing to the enlistment of Dr. P. L. Berge the partnership existing between Dr. Thabes and Dr. Berge has been dissolved. Dr. Thabes will pay all bills of the late firm and any accounts due the firm are payable to him.

OUT CALLING FOR HIS MAIL

Steve Kovodovich's Novel Excuse When Arrested at 3 in Morning With 80 Gallons Beer

PLEADS GUILTY AT DULUTH

Sentenced to 60 Days in Jail and \$100 Fine and His Ford Car Ordered Confiscated

Steve Kovodovich, charged with bringing contraband liquor into Indian territory and arrested June 26, 1917 near Dykeman, was tried at Duluth, his attorney being Vic Powers of Hibbing. The Austrian had pleaded not guilty.

The testimony of one witness, Special Officer J. J. Crowell, was taken and Kovodovich changed his plea to guilty and was given 60 days in jail and \$100 fine.

Kovodovich, it appears, was arrested as he steamed from the wholesale house at Dykeman loaded with 80 gallons of beer and was overhauled by Special Officers E. G. Boyd, Charles Benson and Crowell, in the latter's car. Liquor and Kovodovich's Ford were confiscated.

Asked what he was doing on the road at 3 o'clock in the morning when arrested, Kovodovich said he was out to get his mail.

PRINTERS ARE PATRIOTIC BOYS

Service Flag of International Typographical Union Now has Over 1518 Stars

RECORD IS A WORTHY ONE

\$2,000,000 has been Invested in Liberty Bonds by Unions and Individual Members

Therecord of the International Typographical Union is a most patriotic one, their service flag now having over 1518 stars.

A pamphlet issued by the international union is in honor of its members who have responded to their country's call in the world's great war. Subordinate unions are listed by number and location and the membership given that enlisted.

55 soldier members of the International Typographical Union have been killed on the battlefields of France or have died in service since the beginning of the war.

\$17,025 has been paid by the International Typographical Union to relatives of soldier members whose lives have been given to their country.

\$60,000 has been invested in Liberty Loan bonds by the Executive Council of the International Typographical Union.

\$2,000,000 has been invested in Liberty Loan Bonds by subordinate unions and individual members of the International Typographical union.

Acts and not words count in this period of stress and the printing craft has been no slacker. They are right back of your Uncle Samuel.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS

High Officers of Lodge at Installation Ceremonies of Court Magnolia on Wednesday

High officers of the United Order of Foresters acted as installing officers and attended the lodge meeting of Court Magnolia in Brainerd. There were present Chief Counsellor James E. Schoonmaker, High Secretary Mrs. Emma Broady and High Ranger LaPlant, all of St. Paul.

RECORD BURNING COAL

Medal for Low Consumption of Coal May be Awarded to Ole D. Larson

The record for low consumption of coal is that of Ole D. Larson, of 618 Laurel street who has heated his grocery thus far in the winter on one ton of coal. Occasionally he also burned wood and sawdust.

"Of course," said Ole, "we have no informal discussions after hours. The store opens and closes on time. Business has been good during the year."

LOST "VACUUM"

Steam Plant of Power Company at River Delays Service for an Hour Wednesday

The steam booster plant of the Cuyuna Range Power Co. on Wednesday had some trouble and for about an hour stopped service on the line. Local electricians said the Rivererton auxiliary had "lost its vacuum." The same was quickly restored, the difficulty whatever it was being quickly remedied.

MOSCOW FOOD PRICES SOAR

Theodore W. Issajeff of Backus Gets Letter From His Aged Father in Russian Country

SHOES ARE NOW \$100 PAIR

Ham is \$8.50 a Pound, Sausage is \$4 a Pound, Eggs are 25c Each, Cheese \$8 Per Pound

Theodore W. Issajeff, known as "Teddy" to his friends, came from Russia some years ago and established himself in business at Backus and was successful. He is now on the road selling silos, being state agent for a company. His father is still in Russia and in a recent letter gave the scale of prices of commodities and compared them with the prices which ruled three years ago. Here is the list:

1914 prices	Oct. 1917
Bread, per lb. ....	.06 .54
Potatoes, per lb. ....	.01 .30
Meat, per lb. ....	.30 2.50
Oatmeal, per lb. ....	.10 .80
Flour, per lb. ....	.08 1.00
Ham, per lb. ....	.60 8.50
Sausage, per lb. ....	.20 4.00
Cheese, per lb. ....	.40 8.00
Eggs each, ....	.03 .25
Butter, per lb. ....	.40 4.00
Shoes, per pair	10.00 100.00

Famine faces many sections of Russia and conditions do not appear to be improving.

CASE WENT TO JURY

Dewey H. Warren. Thrown from a Broncho, Sues J. M. Francis For Damages

A jury of the district court late Thursday was considering two cases, one brought by young Dewey H. Warren a minor and the other by his father, Willard A. Warren, against J. M. Francis of Garrison wherein it was alleged Francis had hired young Willard on his farm ordered him to break a vicious broncho and the boy was thrown and broke his right leg.

The boy's suit is for \$3,000 damages and \$135 medical attendance, etc., and that of his father is for loss of services of the boy and claims \$880 damages, \$250 hospital bills, etc. Judge W. A. Fleming and C. A. Albright are attorneys for plaintiffs and M. E. Ryan represented the defendant.

The jury came in at 2 o'clock this morning with a verdict for the defendant.

The case of Ole Berg vs Lauris P. Solberg is on trial now. Swanson and Swanson appear for the plaintiff and M. E. Ryan for the defense.

JUDGE STANTON SICK AT HOME

Judge C. W. Stanton of Bemidji was taken sick with an infection of his foot while at International Falls and is now at his home.

DEPOT CASES ENDED

Brainerd Boys at Belle Prairie to Pay for the Damages Done Depot, Etc.

The case of the men from Brainerd who are said to have broken into the Belle Prairie depot on Jan. 1, and who appeared before Judge Lyon of Little Falls on Jan. 3 for a hearing and which was again postponed to Jan. 16, has been dropped. The attorney for the defendants stated that the men will pay the damages done at the depot the telephone charges, as they are alleged to have used the telephone for long distance calls and charged them to the depot, and the costs to the state.

Farmers' Co-operative Laundry

To the Editor—

Permit me to suggest that you advocate the establishment of a Farmers' Co-operative Laundry in connection with the new Farmers' Co-operative Creamery about to be started in Brainerd by our progressive farmers of Crow Wing county. I need not dwell upon the benefit to all concerned with the present scarcity of labor in the farmer's home as well as field. What farmer's wife would not feel a thrill of liberty in her heart if she could be relieved of the constant and almost intolerable drudgery of washing, drying and ironing with all its unsanitary and other discomforts?

This laundry auxiliary of course would be put on a self sustaining basis. A few such have been started with satisfaction and success. Now let the far seeing organizers of the new creamery rise to this opportunity and build such a modern utility—the first in central Minnesota—and receive the glory and favorable publicity such a move would gain for themselves, Brainerd and Crow Wing county. Let us all pull together and boost for the new Farmers' Creamery and modern Farmers' Laundry Auxiliary.

P. B. NETTLETON.

BOILERMAKERS DANCE FEB. 11

Jack Hurley, Chairman of the Ball, Assisted by Reception and Floor Committees

THE BLUE RIBBON ORCHESTRA

18th Annual Ball of Boilermakers, I. S. B. and Helpers of Pine City Lodge No. 116

Pine City Lodge, No. 116, of the Boilermakers, I. S. B. and Helpers union will give their eighteenth annual ball at Gardner auditorium on Monday evening, February 11.

Music will be furnished by the Blue Ribbon orchestra.

Jack Hurley is the chairman of the ball and will be assisted by these two committees:

Reception committee, V. Roderick, A. Getty, P. Goedderz, J. McElroy and Leo Quinn.

Floor committee, Thomas Templeton, Wm. Irwin, R. U. Olson and I. C. White.

These functions of the union are always delightful affairs, well managed and well attended and this one will prove no exception to the general rule. Arrangements, etc. are in competent hands and all committees are working energetically to make it a success.

WM. GRAHAM IN BUSINESS REVIEW

Dealer in Pianos, Organs, Piano Players and Other Musical Instruments, Etc.

SOLD \$900 AMPICO TO K. C.

Is a Reproducing Piano made by Haines Brothers of New York, Produces Tone Color

In speaking of business done in 1917 Wm. Graham, the well known music dealer and musician whose career playing has given pleasure for many years to Brainerd and other audiences, did not wish to give out much but the fact that he has placed many pianos and that he has a most wonderful record as a salesman, makes it evident that the year was fairly satisfactory.

The story is told of Mr. Graham that on a trip to Staples to sell a man a piano some distance out in the country, he arrived there with the instrument, found no one at home, turned about, went to Staples and stopped at a house to inquire the address of some other prospect. Before he left the house at the second stop he had sold that man the piano, received the cash and was on his way back to Brainerd.

A piano placed at the Brainerd opera house, after 20 years usage, is still in fine shape. If ever a piano gets usage, it is at an opera house where road companies, negro minstrels, vaudeville, everybody in fact uses the instrument and the keys are alternately caressed or hammered.

A unique sale made in 1917 was of a \$900 Ampico reproducing piano made by Haines Brothers of New York and purchased by the Knights of Columbus council of this city. The piano reproduces tone color from the sublime whistling notes of Godowsky to the flute-like tones of Paderewski. It is operated by electricity and can be set to play the same selection continuously, or to stop at a given point and repeat which makes it admirable for teaching purposes, etc. It is the only instrument of its kind in central Minnesota.

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Will be on Sale in Few Days at Offices of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company

War Savings Stamps, both the 25-cent "Thrift Stamps" and the \$5.00 "War Savings Certificate Stamps" will be on sale in a few days at the offices of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company here and throughout the state, according to the announcement received by Local Manager L. D. Taylor. The telephone company has been authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to establish War Stamps agencies at its various offices.

In addition to making it convenient for the public to purchase the War Savings Stamps at its offices, the telephone company is encouraging its employees to save their money by buying the stamps.

The telephone company is also devoting a portion of its regular advertisements in the various newspapers of the state to boosting the sale of War Savings Stamps.

"Stamp Out the War" will be the slogan of the telephone company and this sign, followed by the words "War Savings Stamps for sale here" will be displayed at all the War Savings Stamps agencies of the company in this state.

Sale Prices Continue

All prices advertised in Monday evenings Dispatch are to be had until all advertised articles are closed out.

A perusal of that advertisement will reveal some most excellent bargains. Saturday would be an excellent time to secure them.

H. F. Michael Co.

Our Store Hours

Open at 8:30 Close at 5:30
Saturdays and paydays 9:00

H. F. Michael Co.

NO TIEUP IS ANTICIPATED

In respect to Fuel Administrator Garfield's orders Brainerd is considered the most fortunate city in the United States. Few of its industries will be affected. The Northern Pacific railway repair shops will not close. The Northwest Paper Co. uses water power from the Mississippi river. The Cuyuna Range Power Co. supplying towns, mines, and other industries on the Cuyuna iron range has two water power sites. A small amount of coal is used at the two auxiliary plants at Brainerd and Rivererton.

At the Northwest Paper Co. paper machines were shut down today. They are operated by steam power.

NAMES OF ALL CONTRIBUTORS

To the Y. M. C. A. War Fund and the Amounts of the Contributions Made by Each Person

2,340 DONATED TO THE FUND

Thanks are Extended for the Generous Contributions Which Made the Drive Such a Success

Herewith we publish in alphabetical order the names of all who contributed to the Y. M. C. A. war fund, and opposite the names are the amounts contributed. Receipts have been issued for every donation and are being distributed. The general committee will be pleased to have its attention called to any errors or omissions in this printed list.

As near as can be determined 2340 donated to the sum collected.

The committee hereby extends its thanks to the local press for its generous contribution of space given during this campaign, and its equivalent in value is considered a part of the sum donated.

Names without amounts are public school teachers.

Amounts preceded by an asterisk (*) are listed in duplicate:
(Continued)

T.	
Thoe, A. G.	2.00
Thomas, B. F.	2.50
Tornstrom, Mary F.	5.00
Turner, A. Delos	5.00
Turner, S. H.	5.00
Trettel, John	2.50
Templeton, Archie	5.00
Torkelson, Harold	5.00
Turner, Berton	5.00
Tomlinson, F. L.	2.50
Torba, Joseph	2.00
Thabes, Walter	1.00
Thomas, C. D.	1.00
Tyson, H. L.	2.00
Turcotte, H.	3.00
Turcotte, Bros.	5.00
Trommald, A. G.	25.00
Trent, Sr., G. E.	25.00
Tougas, Mrs. Steve, Ft. Ripley	1.00
Toumi, John ....	.50
Tomprowski, A.	1.00
Tollieson, Martin	1.00
Tinkelspaugh, R. J.	5.00
Thorene, John	1.00
Thompson, Jep	5.00

Thomas, J. H., Mrs.	1.00
Thomas, James	1.00
Theorin, Claus A.	10.00
Thelander, Oscar	1.00
The Geo. W. Holland Co.	100.00
Thayer, A. E.	2.00
Trent, Jr., G. E.	15.00
Thabes Dr. J. A.	100.00
Thabes, Ed	2.00
Thabes, C. E.	1.00
Templeton, Mrs.	2.00
Temple, Miss Anna	1.00
Templeton, J. B.	2.50
Taylor, W. H.	10.00
Taylor, W. L.	10.00
Tanner Mill Co.	10.00
Taege, Geo. L.	2.00
Tangen, Hans	1.00
Turner, Victor F. ....	.50
Thon, George	1.00
Thon, A. E.	1.00
Templeton, David	1.00
Towers, Alfred	1.00
Torkildsen, Chas.	2.00
Turner V. H. ....	.50
Thomas, G. E.	2.00
Towers, Edward	2.00
Templeton, J. W.	2.00
Taylor, Lew. D.	5.00
Thomlinson, Agnes	1.00
Thompson, A. G., Carlton, Minn	.50
Tehna, Theodore, St. Paul ....	.50
Tougas, Miss Ellen, R. F. D. ....	.25
Tracey, Geo. A.	5.00
Trautmann, John	5.00
Turcotte, Dora	1.00
Tuoro, Chas.	1.00
Terseka, Jack	1.00
Turner, V.	1.00

YOUNG MEN'S BANQUET

W. L. Smithies of Duluth, to Speak At Function at the Swedish Baptist Church

W. L. Smithies of Duluth will be the speaker at the young men's banquet to be given Friday evening, January 25, at the Swedish Baptist church.

BRAINERD'S ODDEST STORIES OF TODAY

It was at George Johnson's electric garage where hundreds of automobile batteries are in dry and wet storage. One was in bad shape and the owner couldn't see anything wrong with the plates which were badly warped. They are made of some kind of a zinc preparation and are extremely brittle. George was explaining how new plates were needed as they could not be bent back to shape. "I can get that plate straightened easy," said the owner and he took a hammer and rapped the offending plate. The first split it, the second rap broke it and the third smashed it all to pieces.

In the Dispatch column of heroes J. Harry O'Brien was inadvertently made the hero of the stoppage of the incipient runaway of the Brainerd Grocery Co. team. That honor, it now appears should be accorded Severin E. Koop, the gentlemanly undertaker of D. M. Clark & Co., who ran from the rear of the store, through the hardware section and on to the street and grabbed the bridle. Just as the team had performed a football evolution backing and doubling down the street, shying at a flapping piece of paper. Mr. Koop stopped the performance just in time to head off a runaway.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

BEST THEATRE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

HAROLD LOCKWOOD

in

"Under Handicap"

Also

UNIVERSAL WEEKLY

Owing to the length of this show we will start at 7:15 and 9:00 o'clock

ADMISSION 10c and 15c and tax

Desirable Steam-Heated Rooms

At the

NATIONAL HOTEL

Thoroughly Cleaned and Redecorated

Prices 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Special Terms for Week or Month.

MRS. GAFFNEY, Prop.

Tel. 438 N. W.

At the Ideal

WARM, STEAM HEATED, COZY ROOMS

For the Winter.

WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

We can Suit You, Either in Single Rooms or Suite

AN OLD RECIPE TO DARKEN HAIR

Sage Tea and Sulphur Turns Gray, Faded Hair Dark and Glossy.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a very little cost. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

WANTS

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Woman to wash and clean. Apply Mrs. Jacob Herman, 425 Forsyth St. 1931-19111

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 609 Kingwood St. 1908-1841f

FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, 307 South Seventh Street. 1937-1921f

FOR RENT—5-room house. Inquire 607 S. 9th after 6 P. M. 1922-1871f

FOR RENT—Flat at 1001 Oak St. Inquire at 723 S. 5th St. Phone 726-L. 1930-1901f

FOR RENT—Furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen, 220 N. Broadway. 1691-1281f

FOR RENT—Eight room house at 1306 Norwood street. Enquire at 1316 Norwood St. 1935-1641f

FOR RENT—5-room cottage, furnished; hardwood finish. Inquire at 808 3d Ave. N. E. 1919-1861f

FOR RENT—House at 213 N. 7th street. Modern except heat. Inquire F. A. Farrar, First National bank. 1847-1711f

FOR RENT—9 room house, 208 Front St. \$14. 9 rooms, modern, except heat, 206 Kingwood St., \$20, formerly \$25. 5 rooms, 1320 Woodward Ave., near Mill school, \$8. 1309 Lake Ave., corner 12th St., mill district, 6 room cottage, \$10. Nettleton. 1911-1841f

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A safe. Phone 295-W. 1925-1881f

FOR SALE—Good range. Call Northwest 600-L. 1932-1911f

FOR SALE—One No. 7 Radiant Home hard coal burner. H. W. Linnemann. Inquire at store. 1748-1411f

FOR SALE—One new 8-foot toboggan with new cushions and ropes, \$8.00. Address X. Y. Z. Dispatch. 1923-1871f

I have money to loan on real estate. Houses and lots for sale. Houses for rent. Insurance. J. H. Krekelberg. 1934-1921f

FOR SALE—\$400 Bush & Lane piano. Must sell quick. First \$250 takes it. Cash or easy terms. Call 1024-Oak St. 1929-1901f

FOR SALE—Or will trade for Brainerd city property or land, a garage building 30x90 feet in Stewartville, Minn. Mrs. H. D. Eagle, 1107 Norwood St. 1761-1441f

FOR SALE—Corner wooded 50-foot lot in N. E. Brainerd, at \$125.00, cash \$25.00 balance at \$10.00 per month. Brainerd State Bank. 1924-1881f

FOR SALE—High power and geared racing roadster. Just the thing for some fellow who wants speed. Cheap for cash. Inquire or address "M." Dispatch. 1811-1581f

FOR SALE—22 acres, pleasant location, adjoining city limits, good, rich soil, new six room house, 11 acres cultivated, fruit trees, 1/2 acre strawberries. J. R. Smith. Sleeper block. 1935-1921f

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Work of any kind. Call 437-R. 1928-1901f

WANTED—Plain sewing and dress-making. 601 2nd Ave. 1917-2861f

WANTED—Inside work. Understand automobiles and repairing. George Lizotte at Garvey's restaurant. 1933-1921f

BOND ISSUE IN MARCH

Third Liberty Loan Drive Probable at That Time.

New Issue of Indebtedness Certificates Announced by McAdoo as First Step.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Secretary McAdoo has announced a new issue of \$400,000,000 treasury certificates of indebtedness, bearing 4 per cent from January 22, and payable April 22, as the first financial step for the Third Liberty Loan.

Subscriptions will be received by Federal Reserve Banks at par and accrued interest until January 28 and payment must be made by that date. The certificates will be received in payment of Third Liberty Loan subscriptions.

This arrangement indicates that the first payment on the Third Liberty Loan will be on or about April 22, and that if the same plan of installment payments is maintained for the third as for the second loan, the bond selling campaign will be in March.

For the second loan the first payment was made two weeks after the close of the month's campaign.

For the first time since the United States started its big war financing movement, subscriptions will be received simultaneously for two current issues of certificates, as an issue of so-called tax certificates is still open.

The interest rate is the same as on other recent issues.

INDUSTRIAL U. S. PROTESTS ORDER

American Business Men Send Avalanche of Telegrams to Federal Fuel Administrator.

GARFIELD IS ACCUSED

Charged With Usurping Power He Does Not Possess—Claims Lever Bill Gives Authority—U. S. to Take Coal Saved.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Fuel administrator Garfield's order suspending the operation of virtually all great plants in the country for five days, has caused a violent protest from industrial America.

Under an avalanche of thousands of telegrams Dr. Garfield laid plans with state aides for putting the order into effect at midnight.

Avalanche of Protests. Dismay, confusion and vigorous charges of inefficiency were revealed in the protests of business men. That the country does not believe the need exists for the drastic step is plainly evidenced. Unprecedented numbers of telegrams flooded the White House, protesting, demanding revocation of the order, calling for Dr. Garfield's removal from office, and pointing out the dangers, nationally and internationally, of throwing the economic status of the country into a furor.

Claims Authority. Charges that Mr. Garfield had usurped powers he does not possess were heard from all points, including both Houses of Congress. To these the fuel administration replied that under the Lever bill and priority powers, authority is granted for restricting fuel, the measures providing powers to stop shipments of fuel to any consumer who fails to obey government mandates.

Government Confused. The war government itself was confused as to the scope of the Garfield order. Hasty conferences between Mr. Garfield and shipping board officials resulted in the declaration that some plants—among them the fabricating steel plants, will close. There will be no delay in the shipping program, however, because sufficient supplies are now en route to yards to supply all demands.

Explains Monday Order. Hundreds of questions revealed uncertainty of the order to thousands of communities affected. The Monday holiday order has caused general confusion throughout the country.

This order, Mr. Garfield explained today, affects only the Eastern half of the United States, but fuel administrators in the Western states have the power to enforce the Monday holiday there also.

Must Rely on Newspapers. For the time being all must rely on newspapers for information, and detailed orders will be sent out as soon as possible, Mr. Garfield said. He will issue, probably during the day, a public appeal to employers to continue the pay of their employees during the time they are idle because of the fuel order. The government has no power to enforce this request, but will call on employers to take the step as a patriotic duty.

Would Protect Labor. A request that labor be not allowed to suffer during the five days or subsequent Mondays affected by the drastic fuel order was made by Fuel Administrator Garfield, who sent a telegram to John P. White of the United Mine Workers of America saying:

"Please state that orders closing industries for five days will not slow down mines. I am making provision for that and also include in my appeal request that labor be not allowed to suffer during the five days or subsequent Mondays affected by the order. I feel confident the great mass of employers throughout the country will regard this as a necessary incident of the war to be borne by them and not shifted to labor."

Government to Buy Coal. Under a provision it was decided to insert in the order the government will become the purchaser of virtually all coal produced in the five-day closing period.

Mines producing coal under contract to industries which will be closed will be directed to turn their output over to state fuel administrators under bill of lading attached. The Treasury department will set aside \$25,000,000 for the purchase of this coal.

Does Not Apply to Oil Wells. Washington, Jan. 18.—The fuel order does not apply to oil wells, gas wells or oil refineries.

Four Die in Tenement Fire. Philadelphia, Jan. 18.—A man and three young women, three being members of one family, were burned to death in a fire that swept a tenement in the Italian quarter here. One of the girls sacrificed her life in an attempt to save the others. The victims were all trapped on an upper floor and were burned to a crisp before firemen could reach them. Ten other persons residing in the house escaped a similar fate by fleeing down a stairway while it was enveloped in flames, but they escaped unharmed.

"HUNS" SCORNE LAW OF NATIONS

Use of Civilians as Hostages and for Screens Part of Devilish System.

FIRST MADE USE OF IN 1870

At That Time It Was Condemned by the Civilized World, but the German Military Leaders Have Never Abandoned It.

Ample proof that the march of the German armies through Belgium was marked by massacres and cruelties almost beyond belief is given in a document made public by the committee on public information, from which the following is taken:

The massacres in Belgium and northern France were a part of the German system of frightfulness. Another feature of this system was the use of civilians as hostages and for screens.

In discussing the use of hostages the German War Book (Kriegsbrauch im Landkriege) says:

"By hostages are understood those persons who, as security or bail for the fulfillment of treaties, promises, or other claims, are taken or detained by the opposing state or its army. Their provision has been less usual in recent wars, as a result of which some professors of the law of nations have wrongly decided that the taking of hostages has disappeared from the practice of civilized nations."

"A new application of 'hostage right' was practiced by the German staff in the war of 1870, when it compelled leading citizens from French towns and villages to accompany trains and locomotives in order to protect the railway communications which were threatened by the people. Since the lives of peaceable inhabitants were, without any fault on their part, thereby exposed to grave danger, every writer outside Germany has stigmatized this measure as contrary to the law of nations and as unjustified towards the inhabitants of the country."

Clung to Frightfulness. Although their deeds in the Franco-Prussian war had been universally condemned, as they themselves admitted, the leaders did not intend to abandon such a useful measure of frightfulness. In L'Interprete Militaire the forms were provided for such acts in the next war. Both in Belgium and in France the Germans have constantly used hostages. The evidence is contained in the proclamations of the governing authorities and also in the diaries of the German soldiers. A few examples from these will illustrate the system which was employed.

A specimen of the arbitrariness and cruelty is furnished by the proclamation of Major Diekmann, from which the following sections are presented:

"After 9 a. m. on the 7th September, I will permit the houses in Beyne-Hesay, Grivegnée, and Bois-de-Breux to be inhabited by the persons who lived in them formerly, as long as these persons are not forbidden to frequent these localities by official prohibition."

Prominent People Hostages. "In order to be sure that the above-mentioned permit will not be abused, the burgomasters of Beyne-Hesay and of Grivegnée must immediately prepare lists of prominent persons who will be held as hostages for 24 hours each at Fort Fleury. September 6, 1914, for the first time (the period of detention shall be) from 6 p. m. until September 7 at midday.

"The life of these hostages depends on the population of the above-mentioned communes remaining quiet under all circumstances."

"During the night it is severely forbidden to show any luminous signals. Bicycles are permitted only between 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. (German time)."

"From the list which is submitted to me I shall designate prominent persons who shall be hostages from noon of one day until the following midday. If the substitute is not there in due time, the hostage must remain another 24 hours at the fort. After these 24 hours the hostage will incur the penalty of death, if the substitute fails to appear."

"Priests, burgomasters, and the other members of the council are to be taken first as hostages."

"I insist that all civilians who move about in my district . . . show their respect to the German officers by taking off their hats, or lifting their hands to their heads in military salute. In case of doubt, every German soldier must be saluted. Anyone who does not do this must expect the German military to make themselves respected by every means."

Hold Small Nations Have No Rights. "The fate that Belgium has called down upon herself is hard for the individual, but not too hard for this political structure (Staatsgebilde), for the destinies of the immortal great nations stand so high that they cannot but have the right, in case of need, to stride over existence that cannot defend themselves, but live, as parasites, upon the rivalries of the great."—Prof. H. Oncken, in *Süddeutsche Monatshefte*, (South German Monthly.)

Would they have dared to defend such a policy if they could have seen the announcement sent out by the parish of St. Hadelin with its silent eloquence?

"This is an invitation to a service in memory of 60 men and women from one parish, of whom all but two were killed by the Germans in the massacre of August 5 and 6, 1914. The closing sentences are:

"Gentle Heart of Mary, be my refuge."

"Our Lady of Lourdes, pray for us."

"St. Joseph, patron of Belgium, pray for us."

"St. Hardelin, patron of the parish, pray for us."

"Sainte Barbe, patroness of kindly death, pray for us."

After reading such ghastly accounts, many of them written by German eye-witnesses, and knowing that similar tales were published widely in the German newspapers, it is difficult to read with patience such words as these:

"The German army (in which I of course include the navy) is today the greatest institute for moral education in the world."

"The German soldiers alone are thoroughly disciplined, and have never so much as hurt a hair of a single innocent human being."—Houston Stewart Chamberlain, in *Kriegsaufsätze*, "War Essays," 1914.

"We see everywhere how our soldiers respect the sacred defenselessness of woman and child."—Prof. G. Roethe, in *Deutsche Reden in Schwere Zeiten*, "German Speeches in Difficult Days," 1914.

Hostages' Lives Hung by Thread.

"In order to insure sufficiently the safety of our troops and the tranquility of the population of Reims, the persons mentioned have been seized as hostages by the commander of the German army. These hostages will be shot if there is the least disorder. On the other hand, if the town remains perfectly calm and quiet these hostages and inhabitants will be placed under the protection of the German army."

"THE GENERAL COMMANDING.

"Reims, 12th September, 1914."

Beneath this proclamation there were posted the names of 81 hostages and a statement that others had also been seized as hostages. The lives of all these men depended in reality upon the interpretation which the German military authorities might give to the elastic phrase, "the least disorder," in the proclamation.

Hugh Gibson, in a Journal from our Legation in Belgium, page 183, explains what was likely to happen:

"Another thing is, that on entering a town, they hold the burgomaster, the procureur du roi, and other authorities as hostages to insure good behavior by the population. Of course, the hoodlum class would like nothing better than to see their natural enemies, the defenders of law and order, ignominiously shot, and they do not restrain themselves a bit on account of the hostages."

Diary of Bombardier Wetzel.

"Aug. 8th. First fight and set fire to several villages."

"Aug. 9th. Returned to old quarters; there we searched all the houses and shot the mayor and shot one man down from the chimney pot, and then we again set fire to the village."

"On the 18th August Letalle (?) captured 10 men with three priests because they have shot down from the church tower. They were brought into the village of Ste. Marie."

"Oct. 5th. We were in quarters in the evening at Willekamm. Lieutenant Radfelds was quartered in the mayor's house and there had two prisoners (tied together) on a short whip, and in case anything happened they were to be killed."

"Oct. 11th. We had no fight, but we caught about 20 men and shot them. (From the diary of Bombardier Wetzel, Second Mounted Battery, First Kurhessian Field Artillery, Regiment No. 11.)"

The Germans also found it convenient on many occasions to secure civilians, both men and women, who could be forced to march or stand in front of the troops, so that the countrymen of the civilians would be compelled first to kill their own people if they resisted the Germans. This usage is illustrated in the following:

Letter of Lieutenant Eberlein.

"October 7, 1914."

"But we arrested three other civilians, and then I had a brilliant idea. We gave them chairs, and we then ordered them to go and sit out in the middle of the street. On their part, pitiful entreaties; on ours, a few blows from the butt end of the rifle. Little by little one becomes terribly callous at this business. At last they were all seated outside in the street. I do not know what anguished prayers they may have said but I noticed that their hands were convulsively clasped the whole time. I pitied these fellows, but the method was immediately effective."

"The flank fire from the houses quickly diminished, so that we were able to occupy the opposite house and thus to dominate the principal street. Every living being who showed himself in the street was shot. The artillery on its side had done good work all this time, and when, toward seven o'clock in the evening, the brigade advanced to the assault to relieve us I was in a position to report that Saint Die had been cleared of the enemy."

"Later on I learned that the regiment of reserve which entered Saint Die further to the north had tried the same experiment. The four civilians whom they had compelled in the same way to sit out in the street were killed by French bullets. I myself saw them lying in the middle of the street near the hospital."

"A. EBERLEIN,

"First Lieutenant."

Letter published on the 7th October, 1914, in the *Vorabendblatt* of the *Munchner Neueste Nachrichten*.

GILLETT AN EASY BOSS OF MINORITY

HE DELEGATES MORE WORK TO RANKING COMMITTEE MEMBERS THAN DID MANN.

ADOPTS CHAMP CLARK'S WAY

Much Energy Wasted in the Expansion of Government Bureaus in Washington—Hundreds of Employees Scarcely Know What to Do.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—The Republican minority of the house of representatives is not working under such restraint as it has been accustomed to feed for the past six years. Congressman Gillett of Massachusetts is the acting minority leader in the absence of James R. Mann, and members of the house and the gallery habitually note the difference. Gillett is a comparatively "easy boss." He is neither arbitrary nor severe. He is just as much of a stickler in dealing with the majority leaders as was Mann, but he is not quite so sarcastic and bitter in his retorts. Mann had a way of saying vicious things; Gillett is a mild-mannered man, affable and agreeable, but has a certain firmness that gives him the respect of his opponents.

Gillett has adopted a different method in the matter of delegating work to others. Mann had a finger in every pie and took charge of the minority side on almost every bill that came before the house. Gillett, as ranking Republican on the appropriations committee, many times was pushed aside while Mann as minority leader took the leading minority part in handling appropriations. Gillett has delegated to each ranking minority member of an important committee the duty of handling legislation coming from that committee. That gives many members a chance to show what they can do and also gives more members a greater interest in the proceedings of the house.

Champ Clark's Way.

The Gillett way is Champ Clark's way. He was one of the first minority leaders to delegate work to the ranking minority members. His predecessor, John Sharp Williams, was inclined to take charge of the minority all the time. "We are going to get control of the house some time," Clark told his fellow Democrats, "and as matters stand now there isn't one of you who can take charge of a bill. Now you make up your minds, your ranking members of committees, that you've got to pitch in and take charge of every bill that comes from your committee and in that way you will learn how to handle bills when you have the full responsibility."

"That's the way I secured a lot of competent chairmen of committees when we took control of the house," says the speaker.

In taking on an army of new employees and in the establishment of hundreds of branch bureaus, scattering thousands of clerks all over the city of Washington, much energy in war work has been wasted. And what is to be deplored, there is not going to be much improvement. It is almost impossible to "take up the slack" in such a large organization as the government. There are hundreds of employees that scarcely know what to do, and the chiefs are somewhat in the dark as to what instructions to give. There has been a suggestion that many clerks in the regular service might be employed as chiefs and instructors, just as army officers of the regular service have become the nucleus of the greater organization which is being prepared for France.

Arizona Fighters.

It is the boast of Senator Mark Smith that his state has more fighting spirit and fighting strength than any other in the Union in proportion to its population. "Everybody out our way wants to fight the Kaiser," said Senator Smith. "Those who can't fight want to pay, and we are subscribing our limit to the government loans."

As a part of the food conservation of the country it is expected that the migratory bird law pending in the house, which passed the senate in the special session, will be put through. There is a great deal of opposition to any measure extending federal control over game birds passing through the various states, and constitutional questions have been raised against it, but when it comes forward as a food proposition, it is sure to have strong support. Constantly rising prices of food have made a deep impression on members of congress. This is one of the things that may enter into the coming congressional campaign.

During a controversy over reading a document as to the loyalty of German-Americans in certain states, Senator Penrose remarked: "I suppose I represent as many German-Americans as any half dozen senators. I know they are as loyal as anyone else."

It was not generally supposed that Pennsylvania had such a preponderance of men of German birth or parentage as indicated by the senator's remark.

What He Gave Up.

Patience.—You know he asked her to marry him a dozen times.

Patience.—Really?

"Yes, but she said he must give up smoking."

"And what did he do?"

"Gave up asking her."

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis Grain.
Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—Oats, May, 74½; May, Rye, \$1.92.

Chicago Grain.
Chicago, Jan. 18.—Corn, Jan. \$1.57½; May, \$1.24½; Oats, Jan. 78½; May, 76.

South St. Paul Live Stock.
South St. Paul, Jan. 18.—Estimated receipts at the Union Stock Yards: Cattle 2,100; calves, 400; hogs, 8,000; sheep, 200; cars, 193.

Railroads entering the yards reported receipts for the day by loads as follows: Burlington, 2; Milwaukee, 13; Rock Island, 6; Omaha, 49; Great Northern, 44; St. Louis, 8; Northern Pacific, 37; Soo Line, 26; total, 193. Cattle—Steers, \$8.25@9.25; cows, \$6.75@7.75; calves, \$9.25@11; hogs, \$15@16; sheep and lambs, \$11.50@16.50.

Chicago Live Stock.
Chicago, Jan. 18.—Hog receipts, 12,000; strong, bulk, \$16.20@16.60; light, \$15.75@16.55; mixed, \$16.60@16.870; heavy, \$16.00@16.670; rough, \$16.00@16.15; pigs, \$12.50@15.25. Cattle, receipts, 6,000; firm; native steers, \$8.35@13.60; stockers and feeders, \$6.90@10.90; cows and heifers, \$6.90@11.85; calves, \$8.50@16.75. Sheep receipts, 7,000; strong, wether, \$9.75@13.35; lambs, \$14.40@17.65.

Butter Eggs and Poultry.
Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—BUTTER—Creamery extras, per lb., 47c; extra firsts, 46c; firsts, 45c; seconds, 44c; dairy, 39c; packing stock, 34c.

EGGS.—Receipts of fresh to light to make a quotation. Most arrivals are country laid, selling in a small way at from 49 to 50c per dozen. Refrigerator, candled, doz., 42c; checks and seconds, doz., 32c; dirties, candled doz., 32c. Quotations on eggs include cases.

POULTRY.—Turkeys, fat, 19 lbs. and over, 23c; thin, small, 19@12; cripples and culls, unsalable; roosters, 14c; hens, 4 lbs. and over, 20c; hens, under 4 lbs., 16c; ducks, 19c; geese, lb., 16c; springs, 20c.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

SEE OUR NEW LINE OF SKATES

We have the most complete line of skates in the city, Come in and get first choice.

White Bros.

Hardware and Sporting Goods

Tel. 57

:-1

616 Laurel St.

The Dispatch Prints Wedding Invitations

Do Something Better Than the Other Fellow---

and ADVERTISE

Advertising cannot accomplish the impossible any more than barren ground can yield rich crop.

But how advertising does make things hum when the product and proposition are right, the men and methods above board, when there's an honest purpose and earnest effort from bundle boy to general manager to serve efficiency, to deal honestly, to sell good goods, to price fairly.

Oil up the machinery of your business, imbue your organization with the spirit of true service, make your business worthy of the good will, the confidence, the patronage of the people.

In this fertile field then sow the seed of advertising and it will bring forth abundant crops in increased business and augmented prestige.

Your store news in the Dispatch will be read in practically every home in Brainerd and vicinity every evening.